

Dataiku Flow and dctc Data pipelines made easy

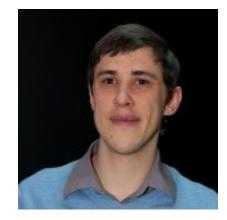
Berlin Buzzwords 2013







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- CTO @ Dataiku
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- OSS developer @ VLC, Debian and OpenStreetMap

Dataiku Training – Hadoop for Data Science



The hard life of a Data Scientist

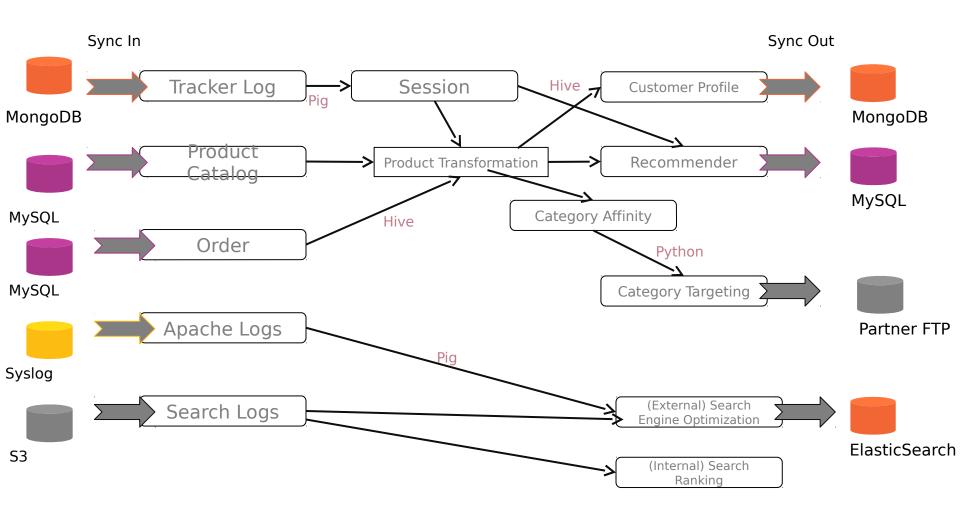
Dataiku Flow

DCTC

Lunch !

Follow the Flow

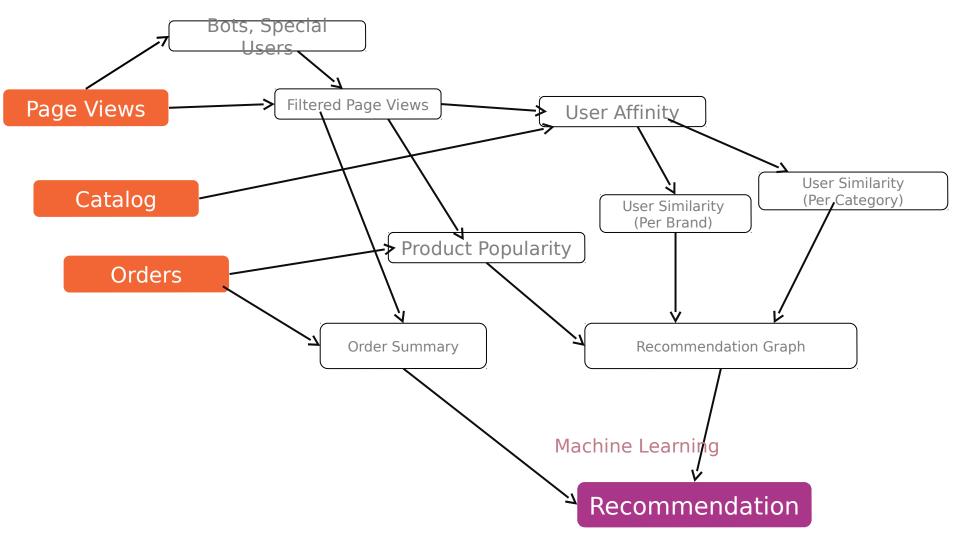




Dataiku - Pig, Hive and Cascading







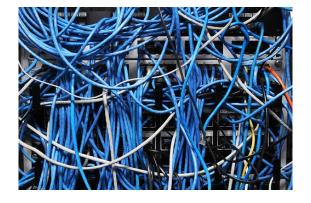
Dataiku - Pig, Hive and Cascading

Real-life data pipelines



- Many tasks and tools
- Dozens of stage, evolves daily
- Exceptional situations are the norm
- Many pains
 - Shared schemas
 - Efficient incremental synchronization and computation
 - Data is bad







- 1970 Shell scripts
- 1977 Makefile
- 1980 Makedeps
- 1999 SCons/CMake
- 2001 Maven
- Better dependencies
- Higher-level tasks

- Shell Scripts
- 2008 HaMake
- 2009 Oozie
- ETLS, ...
- Next ?



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Introduction to Flow



Dataiku Flow is a data-driven orchestration framework for complex data pipelines

- Manage data, not steps and taks
- Simplify common maintainance situations
 - Data rebuilds
 - Processing steps update
- Handle real day-to-day pains
 - Data validity checks
 - Transfers between systems
- DIP Introduction to Dataiku Flow

Concepts: Dataset



Like a table : contains records, with a schema

- Can be partitioned
 Time partitioning (by day, by hour, ...)
 « Value » partitioning (by country, by partner, ...)
- Various backends
 - Filesystem
 - HDFS
 - ElasticSearch

- SQL
- NoSQL (MongoDB, ...)
- Cloud Storages





Has input datasets and output datasets



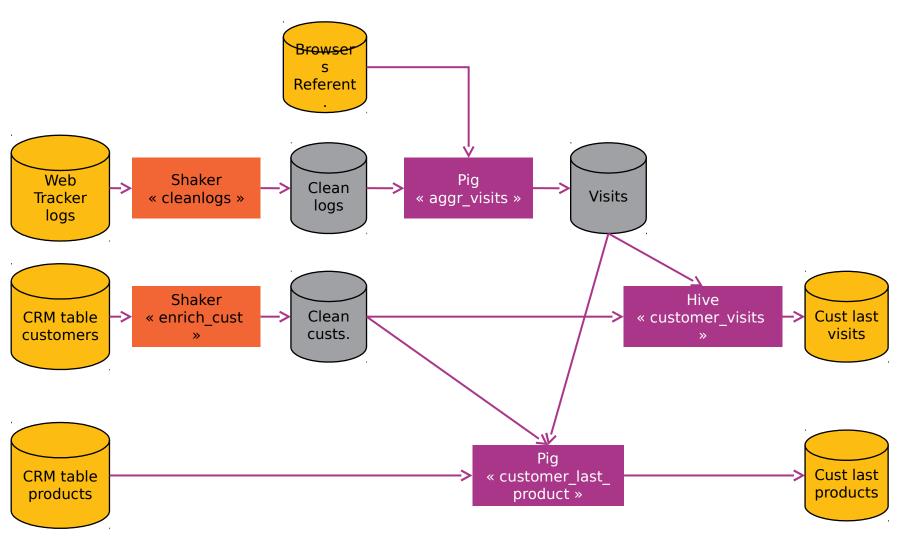
- Declares dependencies from input to output
- Built-in tasks with strong integration
 - Pig
 - Hive

- Python Pandas & SciKit
- Data transfers

- Customizable tasks
 - Shell script, Java, ...
- DIP Introduction to Dataiku Flow

Introduction to Flow A sample Flow







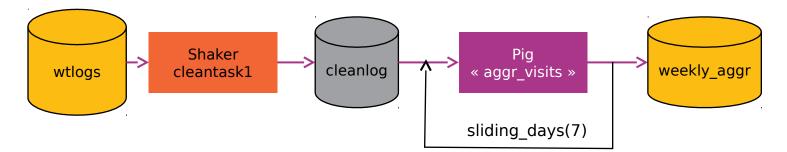


Flow is **data-oriented**

- Don't ask « Run task A and then task B »
- Don't even ask « Run all tasks that depend from task A »
- Ask « Do what's needed so that my aggregated customers data for 2013/01/25 is up to date »

- Flow manages dependencies between datasets, through tasks
- You don't execute tasks, you compute or refresh datasets





- "wtlogs" and "cleanlog" are day-partitioned
- "weekly_aggr" needs the previous 7 days of clean logs
- "sliding days" partition-level dependency
- "Compute weekly_aggr for 2012-01-25"
 - Automatically computes the required 7 partitions
 - For each partition, check if cleanlog is up-to-date wrt. the wtlogs partition
 - Perform cleantask1 in parallel for all missing / stale days
 - Perform aggr_visits with the 7 partitions as input

Dataiku Training – Hadoop for Data Science

Automatic parallelism



- Flow computes the global DAG of required activities
- Compute activities that can take place in parallel
- Previous example: 8 activities
 7 can be parallelized
 - 1 requires the other 7 first

- Manages running activities
- Starts new activities based on available resources



Schema and data validity checks



- Datasets have a schema, available in all tools
- Advanced verification of computed data
 - "Check that output is not empty"
 - "Check that this custom query returns between X and Y records"
 - "Check that this specific record is found in output"
 - "Check that number of computed records for day B is no more than 40% different than day A"
- Automatic tests for data pipelines

Integrated in Hadoop, open beyond

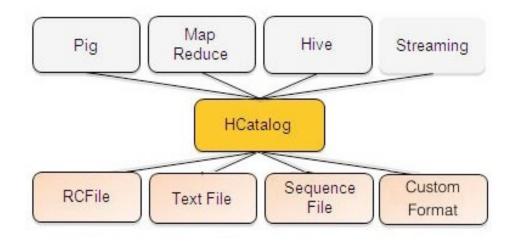


- Native knowledge of Pig and Hive formats
- Schema-aware loaders and storages
- A great ecosystem, but not omnipotent
 Not everything requires Hadoop's strong points
- Hadoop = first-class citizen of Flow, but not the only one
- Native integration of SQL capabilities
- Automatic incremental synchronization to/from MongoDB, Vertica, ElasticSearch, ...
- Custom tasks

What about Oozie and Hcatalog ?







Are we there yet ?



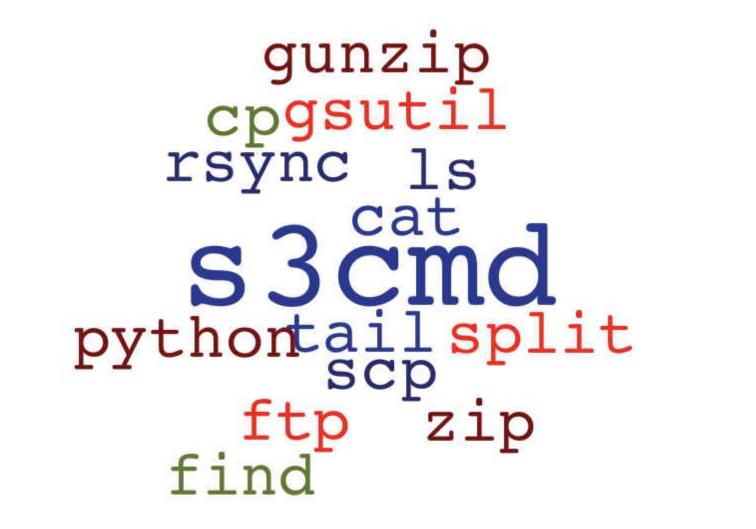
- Engine and core tasks are working
- Under active development for first betas
- Get more info and stay informed <u>http://flowbeta.dataiku.com</u>

And while you wait, another thing

Ever been annoyed by data transfers ?









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DCTC : Cloud data manipulation



- Extract from the core of Flow
- Manipulate files across filesystems
- # List the files and folders in a S3 bucket
- % dctc ls s3://m y-bucket
- # Synchronize incrementally from GCS to local folder
- % dctc sync gs://m y-bucket/m y-path target-directory
- # Copy from GCS to HDFS, compress to .gz on the fly
- # (decom press handled too)
- % dctc cp -R -c gs://m y-bucket/m y-path hdfs:///data/input
- # D ispatch the lines of a file to 8 files on S3, gzip-com pressed % dctc d ispatch input s3://bucket/target -frandom -nf8 -c

DCTC : More examples



- # cat from anywhere
- % dctc cat ftp://account@:/pub/data/data.csv
- # Multi-account aw are
- % dctc sync s3://account1@ path s3://account2@ other_path
- # Edit a rem ote file (with \$EDITOR)
- % dctc edit ssh://account@ :m yfile.txt
- # Transparently unzip
 % dctc
- # Head / tail from the cloud % dctc tails3://bucket/huge-log.csv





Fort me on CitHub



- Self-contained binary for Linux, OS X, Windows
- Amazon S3
- Google Cloud Storage
- ► FTP

- HTTP
- ► SSH
- HDFS (through local install)

Questions ?

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